

Alconium Phase Change Problems

Name Key Period _____ Date _____

The fictitious substance alconium has the following physical values:

$$C_p (\text{solid}) = 1.25 \text{ J/g}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$H_f = 94.5 \text{ J/g}$$

$$C_p (\text{liquid}) = 0.850 \text{ J/g}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$H_v = 332 \text{ J/g}$$

$$C_p (\text{gas}) = 1.10 \text{ J/g}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$m.p. = 12.00^\circ\text{C}$$

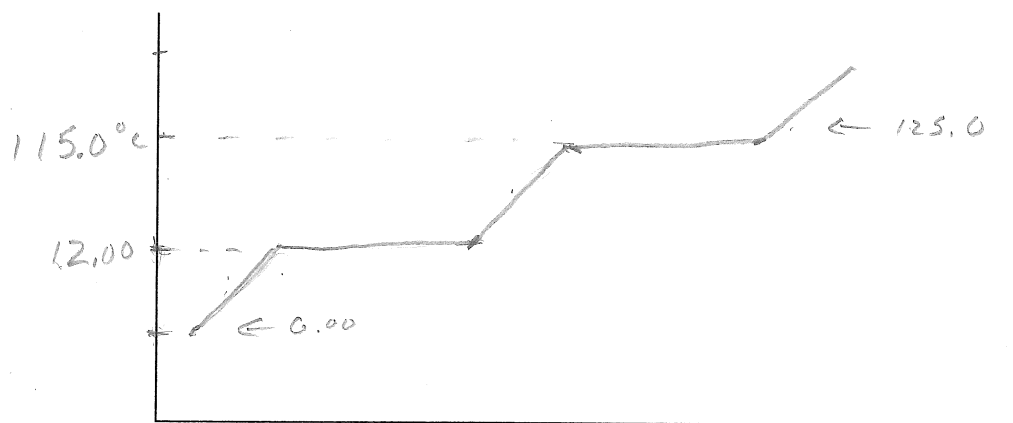
$$b.p. = 115.0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$115.0$$

$$12.00$$

$$103.0^\circ\text{C}$$

1.) Draw a heating/cooling curve for alconium and label the m.p. & b.p.



$$125.0$$

$$115.0$$

$$10.0$$

2.) How much heat would be required to heat a 50.0 g sample of alconium from 0.00°C to 125°C?

$$s \quad ① \quad Q = m C_p \Delta T \quad \begin{matrix} \Delta T \\ 12.00^\circ\text{C} \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{50.0\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{g}}} \times \frac{1.25\text{J}}{\cancel{\text{g}}^\circ\text{C}} \times \frac{12.00^\circ\text{C}}{\cancel{^\circ\text{C}}} = 750\text{J}$$

$$s \rightarrow l \quad ② \quad Q = m H_f$$

$$\frac{50.0\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{g}}} \times \frac{94.5\text{J}}{\cancel{\text{g}}} = 4730\text{J}$$

$$l \quad ③ \quad Q = m C_p \Delta T \quad 103.0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\frac{50.0\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{g}}} \times \frac{0.850\text{J}}{\cancel{\text{g}}^\circ\text{C}} \times \frac{103.0^\circ\text{C}}{\cancel{^\circ\text{C}}} = 4380\text{J}$$

$$l \rightarrow g \quad ④ \quad Q = m H_v$$

$$\frac{50.0\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{g}}} \times \frac{332\text{J}}{\cancel{\text{g}}} = 16600\text{J}$$

$$g \quad ⑤ \quad Q = m C_p \Delta T \quad 10.0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\frac{50.0\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{g}}} \times \frac{1.10\text{J}}{\cancel{\text{g}}^\circ\text{C}} \times \frac{10.0^\circ\text{C}}{\cancel{^\circ\text{C}}} = 550\text{J}$$

$$27010\text{J}$$

$$\boxed{2.70 \times 10^4 \text{ J}}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 112.0 \\ - 56.8 \\ \hline 55.2 \end{array}$$

3.) How much heat would be released by 18.5 g of alaconium cooling from 112°C to 56.8°C?

Q = mc_pΔT

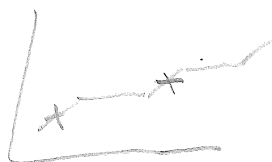
$$\Delta T = 55.2^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\frac{18.5\text{g}}{1\text{g}^{\circ}\text{C}} \times \frac{.850\text{J}}{1\text{g}^{\circ}\text{C}} \times 55.2^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$868.02$$

$$\boxed{868\text{ J}}$$

4.) How much heat is needed as 74.2 g of alaconium is warmed from 10.0°C to 68.4°C?



$$\begin{array}{r} 12.00 \\ 10.0 \\ \hline 2.0^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 68.4 \\ - 12.00 \\ \hline 56.4^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array}$$

① Q = mc_pΔT

$$\frac{74.2\text{g}}{1\text{g}^{\circ}\text{C}} \times \frac{1.25\text{J}}{1\text{g}^{\circ}\text{C}} \times 2.0^{\circ}\text{C} = \boxed{190\text{ J}}$$

② Q = mΔH_f

$$\frac{74.2\text{g}}{1\text{g}} \times \frac{94.5\text{J}}{1\text{g}} = \boxed{7010\text{ J}}$$

③ Q = mc_pΔT

$$\frac{74.2\text{g}}{1\text{g}^{\circ}\text{C}} \times \frac{.850\text{J}}{1\text{g}^{\circ}\text{C}} \times 56.4^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$10760\text{ J} + 13560\text{ J}$$

$$\boxed{10800\text{ J}}$$